HOUSE BILL No. 1870

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1.

Synopsis: Rental property tax deductions. Establishes standards for the determination of the true tax value of low income housing. Provides a property tax deduction for buildings containing principal rental dwellings.

Effective: March 1, 2003 (retroactive).

Buell, Crawford

January 23, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1870

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-1-8.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
MARCH 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 8.7. "Low income
housing" means real property that on an assessment date is used
to obtain or receives any of the following benefits:
(1) Low income housing credits under Section 42 of the

- (1) Low income housing credits under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (2) Low interest loans for benefits from the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Housing Section 515 Program.
- (3) Below market, federally insured, or governmental financing for housing, including tax exempt bonds under Section 142 of the Internal Revenue Code for qualified residential rental projects.
- (4) A grant or low interest loan under Section 235 or 236 of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715z or 12 U.S.C. 1715z-1) or 42 U.S.C. 1485.



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1	(5) A government rent subsidy for housing.
2	(6) A government guaranteed loan for a housing project.
3	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-1-13.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
4	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 13.5. (a)
6	"Principal rental dwelling" refers to residential improvements to
7	land that an individual with a leasehold interest in the property
8	uses as the individual's principal place of residence, regardless of
9	whether the individual is absent from the property while in a
10	facility described in subsection (b).
11	(b) The term does not include any of the following:
12	(1) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21.
13	(2) A health facility licensed under IC 16-28.
14	(3) A residential facility licensed under IC 16-28.
15	(4) A Christian Science home or sanatorium.
16	(5) A group home licensed under IC 12-17.4 or IC 12-28-4.
17	(6) An establishment that serves as an emergency shelter for
18	victims of domestic violence, homeless persons, or other
19	similar purpose.
20	(7) A fraternity, sorority, or student cooperative housing
21	organization described in IC 6-2.5-5-21.
22	SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-6.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
23	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	MARCH 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]:
25	Chapter 6.9. Low Income Rental Housing; Assessment
26	Sec. 1. The true tax value of low income rental housing shall be
27	determined using the capitalization of income method of valuation.
28	Sec. 2. The value of any tax incentive credits or other
29	government subsidies, including below market financing, granted
30	for the construction, conversion, or use of property as low income
31	housing may not be considered in determining the true tax value of
32	the property regardless of whether the credits or other subsidies
33	are made available, directly or indirectly, to compensate the owner
34	for the rental of low income housing at a rate that is less than the
35	fair market rental rate for the property.
36	SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-12-43 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
37	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	MARCH 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 43. (a) Subject to
39	subsections (g) and (h), the owner of a building that contains less
40	than five (5) principal rental dwellings is entitled to a deduction
41	from the assessed value of the building and the land on which the

building is located equal to the lesser of:



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1	(1) fifty percent (50%) of the combined assessed value of the
2	building and the land; or
3	(2) the maximum amount of the standard deduction under
4	section 37(b)(2) of this chapter.
5	(b) Subject to subsections (g) and (h), the owner of a building
6	that contains more than four (4) principal rental dwellings and less
7	than nine (9) principal rental dwellings is entitled to a deduction
8	from the assessed value of the building and the land on which the
9	building is located equal to the lesser of:
10	(1) fifty percent (50%) of the combined assessed value of the
11	building and the land; or
12	(2) the product of twenty-five percent (25%) of the maximum
13	amount of the standard deduction under section 37(b)(2) of
14	this chapter multiplied by the number of principal rental
15	dwellings in the building.
16	(c) Subject to subsections (g) and (h), the owner of a building
17	that contains more than eight (8) principal rental dwellings and
18	less than twenty-one (21) principal rental dwellings is entitled to a
19	deduction from the assessed value of the building and the land on
20	which the building is located equal to the lesser of:
21	(1) fifty percent (50%) of the combined assessed value of the
22	building and the land; or
23	(2) the product of fifteen percent (15%) of the maximum
24	amount of the standard deduction under section 37(b)(2) of
25	this chapter multiplied by the number of principal rental
26	dwellings in the building.
27	(d) Subject to subsections (g) and (h), the owner of a building
28	that contains more than twenty (20) principal rental dwellings is
29	entitled to a deduction from the assessed value of the building and
30	the land on which the building is located equal to the lesser of:
31	(1) fifty percent (50%) of the combined assessed value of the
32	building and the land; or
33	(2) the product of ten percent (10%) of the maximum amount
34	of the standard deduction under section 37(b)(2) of this
35	chapter multiplied by the number of principal rental
36	dwellings in the building.
37	(e) A certificate of occupancy that complies with this subsection
38	is prima facie evidence that a building and the land on which it is
39	located contains the number of principal rental dwellings specified
40	in the certificate. To comply with this subsection, the certificate of
41	occupancy must:
42	(1) be prepared on a form prescribed by the department of



1	local government finance;
2	(2) be signed under penalties of perjury by the owner of the
3	building containing a rental unit or the principal officer of the
4	entity owning the building; and
5	(3) indicate that:
6	(A) with respect to a building that contains one (1) rental
7	unit, the unit was used as a principal rental dwelling; and
8	(B) with respect to a building that contains more than one
9	(1) unit, substantially all of the units in the building were
10	used as principal rental dwelling units;
11	on an assessment date or within two (2) years before the
12	assessment date.
13	(f) To obtain the deduction under this section, the:
14	(1) owner of the building containing a principal rental
15	dwelling; or
16	(2) principal officer for the cooperative, common interest
17	community, or owner's association owning the building;
18	must file a certified application in duplicate, on forms prescribed
19	by the department of local government finance, with the auditor of
20	the county in which the property is subject to assessment. The
21	certified application must be filed before May 11 in the year
22	containing the assessment date to which the application applies.
23	(g) If the owner of a building containing a principal rental
24	dwelling is eligible to receive:
25	(1) a homestead credit for the building under IC 6-1.1-20.9; or
26	(2) the standard deduction for the building under section 37
27	of this chapter;
28	the owner may not claim the deduction provided under this section.
29	(h) If a parcel of land contains more than one (1) building for
30	which a deduction is claimed under this section, the township
31	assessor shall allocate the assessed value of the land among the
32	buildings on the parcel in proportion to the assessed value of each
33	building. The county auditor shall use the allocated assessed value
34	of land under this section in determining the amount of the
35	deduction that is to be granted under this section.
36	SECTION 5. [EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]
37	(a) IC 6-1.1-6.9 and IC 6-1.1-12-43, both as added by this act, apply
38	only to assessment dates after February 28, 2003, and property
39	taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2003.
40	(b) Notwithstanding IC 6-1.1-12-43(f), as added by this act, a
41	certified application may be filed at any time before July 1, 2003,



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for an assessment date in 2003.

SECTION 6. An emergency is declared for this act.





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